(21)

speaked at (219) Shifted Church.



Wolverhampton Symphony Orchestra

Conductors: Meirion Williams

Sheila Freeman

Leader: Cyril Love

CONCERT

SAT. JUNE 28
WOLVERHAMPTON
POLYTECHN C

ADMISSION

£1

PROGRAMME

The National Federation of Music Societies, to which the orchestra is affiliated, supports this concert with funds provided by the Arts Council of Great Britain.

WOLVERHAMPTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

SATURDAY, JUNE 28th 7.30 p.m.

WOLVERHAMPTON POLYTECHNIC

PROGRAMME

FESTIVAL OVERTURE SHOSTAKOVICH

VIOLIN CONCERTO BRUCH

SYMPHONY NO. 5 TCHAIKOVSKY

Conductor - Meirion Williams

Soloist - Erika Klemperer

ERIKA KLEMPERER Soloist

Erika Klemperer was born in America and studied in Guyana University with Josef Gingold under Dorothy Dullay.

In 1975 audition offered an invitation to continue her studies with Yehudi Menuhin and Yfrah Neanam. Since then she has performed with many orchestras in England as well as giving recitals for the National Trust, B.B.C., etc., often playing with her pianist husband, Gordon Back.

She returns to the U.S.A. twice a year for concert tours. This year she will appear with the Chanticleer Music Festival, U.S.A., as well as in a Chamber Music Festival in Italy with Emmanuel Hurwizt.

She is a Professor of Violin at Guildhall School of Music and Drama.

4.

FESTIVAL OVERTURE SHOSTAKOVICH, 1906-75

Schostakovich's Festival (or Festive) Overture was first performed in 1955 to celebrate the thirty-seventh anniversary of the October Revolution. The festive and carefree atmosphere of the piece is self-evident and in many ways reminiscent of Glinka's Russlan and Ludmilla Overture.

Composed the year after Shostakovich's Tenth Symphony the Overture dates from the period of the so-called 'thaw' which followed the death of Stalin in 1953 when the Soviet authorities adopted a somewhat more liberal attitude towards the arts. However it is unlikely that there is anything in the Festival Overture that could have offended even the most repressive Soviet.

CONCERTO FOR VIOLIN AND ORCHESTRA IN G MINOR, Op. 26
MAX BRUCH, 1838-1920

Max Bruch was born at Cologne in 1838. Although his father was no musician, his mother was a distinguished singer. During his lifetime he lived in various German towns and cities, including Leipzig, Munich, Coblenz, Berlin, Bonn and Breslau. In 1880 he became director of the Liverpool Philharmonic Society where he settled for three years. Although his output includes a number of large scale works for chorus and orchestra it is perhaps through his work for solo violin or solo 'cello and orchestra that he is chiefly remembered today.

Of his violin concertos, No. 1 in G minor has always been the most popular. A fairly early work, the first performance was given in 1866 at Coblenz.

The concerto is scored for quite a large orchestra, but the woodwind and brass writing is very thin. There are three movements but the first movement runs straight into the second.

The three movements are:-

I - Vorspiel - Allegro Moderato

II - Adagio

III - Finale - Allegro Energico

SYMPHONY NO. 5 IN E MINOR

TCHAIKOVSKY, 1840-93

Of Tchaikovsky's six symphonies, the last three have always enjoyed immense popularity due to their undeniable tunefulness and their brilliant orchestration.

These are not symphonies in the classical tradition of Beethoven or Brahms. Tchaikovsky was in his midtwenties when he first came into contact with the music of many of the German masters including Bach and Beethoven.

Neither was he subjected to a diet of folk music as a child, his early musical experiences appear to have been centred around Italian opera.

The fifth symphony was composed in 1888 immediately after Tchaikovsky's return from a lengthy but generally successful concert tour which had taken him to the major cities of Western Europe. The first performance, given at St. Petersburg, was conducted by the composer. The work was well received by the public, but not so with the critics.

There are four movements:-

Movement I - Andante - Allegro con anima - begins with a solemn, almost choral-like idea in clarinets and lower strings which is to dominate the whole symphony as it recurs in each of the three other movements. This is followed by a lively though somewhat reserved allegro section.

Movement II - Andante cantabile. This is one of Tchaikovsky's best known melodies - a beautiful horn solo which, by the way it is treated, illustrates something of the composer's feeling for Italian opera. In the middle section the tranquil mood is briefly disturbed by the menacing return of the motive from the first movement.

Movement III - Allegro moderato. Instead of the traditional minuet or scherzo the third movement is a waltz which could have come straight out of one of Tchaikovsky's Ballet scores. The 'trio' section is, by way of contrast, an effervescent 'moto perpetuo'.

Movement IV - Andante maestoso - Allegro vivace. The material of the first movement introduction appears once again, but now in 'major' tonality. This time the atmosphere is majestic rather than sinister. The vigorous allegro which follows, closes (to the embarrassment of many over-enthusiastic audiences) with a notorious 'fake ending' only to be followed by yet another triumphant return of the main moto theme.

WOLVERHAMPTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Conductors - MEIRION WILLIAMS SHEILA FREEMAN

Leader

- CYRIL LOVE

	<u>lst Violins</u>	'Cellos	Bassoons
	Cyril Love Connie King Julie Richards	Tessa Williams Glynn Davies Ginny Winyates	Graeme Rudland Ronald Buckley
	James Hyslop Karen Walton Phil Turley Jim Gosling Colin Elton Ruth Hewitt Celia Webster	Andrew Bound Sheila Moore Gillian Dudley Edward Lishman Jean Johnson	Horns Percy Cotterell Carol Smith Al Manley David Gray
	2nd Violins	Basses	Trumpets
	Martyn Blythe Eric Jones Jim Chugg	Donna Jones Mark Finch	Stefan Astbury Michael Garbutt Colin Douglas
]	Ken Hawkins Hilary Oseman Rita Lakeland Mary Zielonko Christobel Jones Jennifer Lewis	Flutes	
		Douglas Servant Trombones Phil Leah Stephen Preed Chris Addy Timps Phil Johnson	Trombones
			Stephen Preedy
			-
	Philip Ward Angela Peat	Sean Hooper	
	Barbara Clements	Oboes	Tuba
	Violas	Richard Anderson Andrew Jowett Ann Clements	Andy Branhall Eddy Humphries
	Paul Westwood John Riseborough Paul Jarvis Rosemary Cleaver Sheila Freeman John Barry Celia Galloway		rady nampheres
		Clarinets	Percussion
		Diana Cotterell Jane Allison	Anne Douglas